South African National Memory of the World Register.



Register Entry No.

Repository: National Archives and Records Service of

South Africa

Year of Registration 2006

Name of the

Collection Criminal court case No. 253/1963 called The

State versus N Mandela and Others, heard in the Supreme Court of South Africa (Transvaal

Provincial Division)

Covering Period 1961 - 1964

Location National Archives and Records Service of

South Africa;

William Cullen Library

Brief Description The Rivonia Trial was the first time that the

state used its powers under the Acts, that banned the African National Congress (ANC) and the Pan Africanist Congress (PAC) in 1960, to arrest and prosecute the top leadership structure of the largest internal anti-apartheid organisation involved in the struggle for a democratic South Africa. This trial gave Nelson Mandela the opportunity to proclaim the aim and goal of the ANC from the dock to the public at large. The court case led to the imprisonment of leaders such as Nelson Mandela on Robben Island and other

prisons until their release in 1990.

Format / Medium Paper, Dictabelts, Photographs



Repository: National Archives and Records Service of

South Africa

Year of Registration 2008

Name of the Collection

Red Cross: Casualties and wounded during

the Anglo Boer War

Covering Period 1899 - 1902

Location National Archives and Records Service of

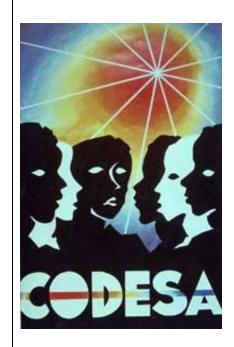
South Africa

Brief Description The Transvaal Red Cross was established in

1896. Its headquarters was in Pretoria and during the Anglo-Boer War it created an Information Bureau later called the 'Identification Department'. The main function of this department was to obtain information on dead, wounded and sick burghers of the South African Republic and also Prisoners of

War

Format / Medium Paper



Repository: National Archives and Records Service of

South Africa

Year of Registration 2010

Name of the Collection

Convention for a Democratic South Africa

(CODESA)

Covering Period 1991 - 1992

Location National Archives and Records Service of

South Africa;

Brief Description The Convention for a Democratic South Africa

(CODESA) was a negotiating forum aimed at producing a new constitutional dispensation for a post-apartheid South Africa. Two plenary sessions were held. CODESA I which laid an important foundation for future multiracial talks in South Africa. At the first meeting it was decided that a second round of talks, CODESA II would be held in March 1992. CODESA II was only held in May 1992, and soon reached a deadlock as the different parties could not reach an agreement on two important issues, namely an interim government and constitution. A few months after CODESA II talks began again with the

Multi-Party Negotiation Process.

Format / Medium Paper, Photographs



Repository: National Archives and Records Service

of South Africa

Year of Registration 2010

Name of the Collection

Multi Party Negotiating Process.

Covering Period 1993

Location National Archives and Records Service

of South Africa;

Brief Description The Multi-Party Negotiating Process was

held in 1993 at the World Trade Centre in Johannesburg. It was a pyramid in structure with the Plenary Committee at the top, followed by the Negotiating Forum, Negotiating Council and the Planning Committee. The Multi-Party Negotiating Process was temporary derailed by the assassination of Mr Chris Hani on the 10th April 1993, however the negotiations survived the crisis and the Negotiating Council met again two weeks after the murder. 26 Political Parties

were represented.

Format / Medium Paper, Photographs



Repository: National Archives and Records Service of

South Africa

Year of Registration 2010

Name of the Collection

Department of Justice. Files on WWII

internees.

Covering Period 1039 - 1946

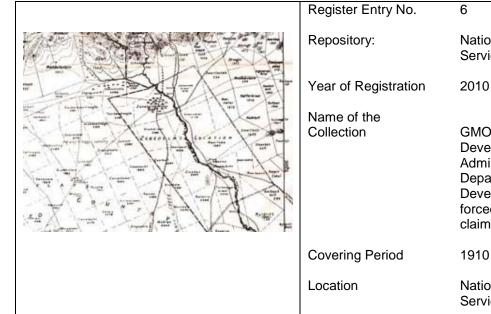
Location National Archives and Records Service of

South Africa:

Brief Description The Department of Home Affairs kept case

files on individual persons suspected of anti government action during the Second World War. This archives group also contains a lot of information on German and Italian residents in South Africa during that period.

Format / Medium Paper



National Archives and Records

Service of South Africa

GMO, BAO, SON: Dept. Community Development, Department Native Administration and Development, Department of Co-operation and

Development: Files dealing with forced removals, now used for land

claims.

1910 - 1985

National Archives and Records

Service of South Africa;

Brief Description

Format / Medium Paper, Cartographic material



Repository: National Archives and Records Service of

South Africa

Year of Registration 2010

Name of the Collection

Transcripts of Nelson Mandela speeches.

Covering Period 1994 – 1999

Location National Archives and Records Service of

South Africa;

Brief Description This archival group contains the speeches

President Nelson Mandela made during his

term as President of South Africa.

Format / Medium Paper



Repository: National Archives and Records Service of

South Africa

Year of Registration 2010

Name of the Collection

Anglo Boer War photographs

Covering Period 1899 - 1902

Location National Archives and Records Service of

South Africa;

Brief Description The collection covers the entire Anglo Boer

War and shows the war from both the English as well as the Afrikaners side. The collection contains photographs of the prisoner of war camps, concentration camps, battlefields, hardship of the people and an overall look at

the Anglo Boer War.

Format / Medium Photographs, glass negatives as well as

slides.



Repository: National Archives and Records Service of

South Africa

Year of Registration 2010

Name of the Collection

Commission of Enquiry into unrest at

Soweto and other places in the Republic

during 1976.

Covering Period 1976 – 1978

Location National Archives and Records Service of

South Africa;

Brief Description On the 24th June 1976 the state President

N. Diedericks appointed a Commission of inquiry in the uprising of the Soweto and other places in the republic that took place during June 1976. The Honourable Petrus Malan Cillie was appointed as the Chairperson of that Commission. According to Government Notice no: 1862 of October 1976 the Commission was given permission not only to investigate the uprising of 1976 but also the uprising that followed afterward. The final report was handed to the State President M. Viljoen in 1979 by

Mr. P.M Cillie

Format / Medium Paper, Photographs, Posters, Newspapers

Register Entry No.	10
Repository:	National Archives and Records Service of South Africa
Year of Registration	2010
Name of the Collection	Commission of Enquiry into Sharpville unrest, 1960.
Covering Period	1960
Location	National Archives and Records Service of South Africa;
Brief Description	On the 21 st March 1960 a group of about 20 000 Africans gathered at Sharpville police station protesting against "Pass Laws". The police opened fire to the protesters leaving 69 dead and nearly 180 wounded. On the 1 st April 1960 a Commission of inquiry was appointed under Governor General Judge P.J Wessels. It was a one man Commission. The main aim of the Commission was to investigate and compile a report about the Bantu unrest in Sharpville and Evaton that took place on the 21 st March 1960. The commission investigation took place at Vereeniging Magistrate from 11 April – 16 June 1960. More than 116 people gave evidence in front of the Commission.
Format / Medium	Paper, Photographs
Full nomination	Pending



Repository: National Archives and Records Service of

South Africa

Year of Registration 2011

Name of the Collection

Regina versus Adams and others. Also known

as the Treason Trial,

Covering Period 1956 - 1961

Location National Archives and Records Service of

South Africa:

Brief Description In 1956 156 congress leaders were arrested

by the police and subsequently charged with treason. Some well known figures included:

Oliver Tambo, Albert Luthuli,

Format / Medium Paper, Dictabelts



Repository: National Archives and Records Service

of South Africa

Year of Registration 2012

Name of the

Collection Dept. of Asiatic Affairs. Deals with

mainly Indian immigration. Contains photographs and genealogical

information, 1910 – 1974.

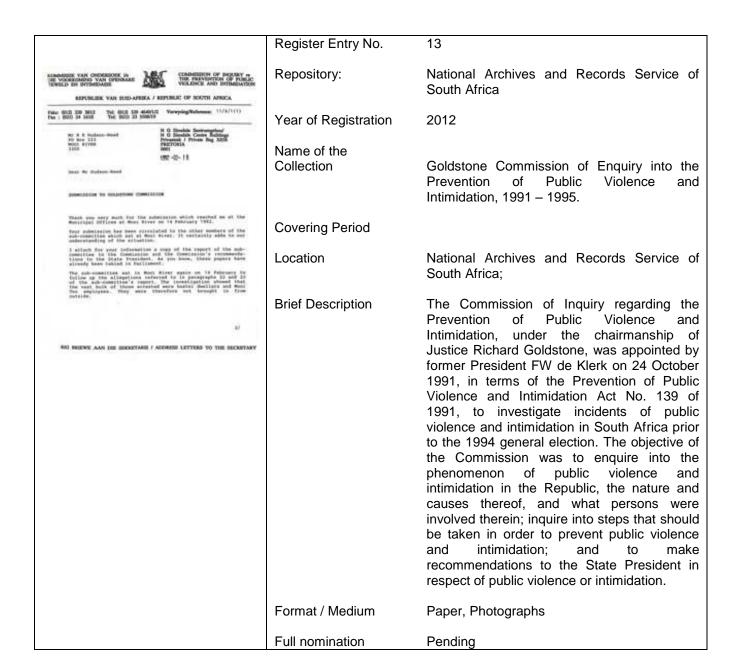
Covering Period

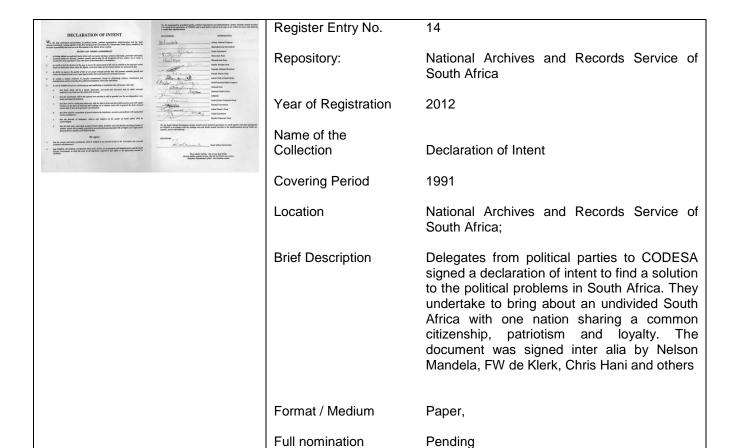
Location National Archives and Records Service

of South Africa;

Brief Description

Format / Medium





Register Entry No.	15
Repository:	Western Cape Provincial Archives and Records Service
Year of Registration	2015
Name of the Collection	Archief van de Verenigde Oostindische Compagnie (Archives of the Dutch East India Company).
Covering Period	1652 - 1806
Location	Western Cape Provincial Archives and Records Service;
Brief Description	The VOC archives contain the records of the Verenigde Oostindische Compagnie, the Dutch East India Company. The company was founded in 1602 and was liquidated in 1795. In South Africa, legal successors continued the activities of the VOC until 1806. The Board of Directors ("Heren XVII") was seated in the Netherlands. As the trading posts were in Asia and South Africa, the Board of Directors appointed regional managers. The trade was supervised by the administrator in Batavia (modern Jakarta), who was called the Governor – general. The various VOC record groups and sub-record groups in South Africa, Sri Lanka, India, Indonesia and the Netherlands make up one fonds and cannot be separated. They constitute an organic whole and belong to each other like the five fingers of one hand.
Format / Medium	Paper,
Full nomination	This collection was nominated by the Nationaal Archief (National Archives of the Netherlands) in 2003

Register Entry No.	16
Repository:	Doxa Productions
Year of Registration	2015
Name of the Collection	Doxa Collection (The Liberation Struggle Living Archive Project).
Covering Period	1980's - 1994
Location	University of the Western Cape;
Brief Description	The archive holds some unique material, which documents key events during the struggle against the Apartheid government as these unfolded in the Western Cape specifically The struggle against Apartheid and in particular, the history of the African National Congress and the Black Consciousness movement are vital major aspect of this footage.
Format / Medium	U-matic and the Betacam SP tapes,
Full nomination	2007

Repository: University of Cape Town Library,

South African Library

Year of Registration 2015

Name of the

Collection The Bleek Collections of San (Bushman)

studies

Covering Period 1822 -1948

Location University of Cape Town Library,

South African Library

Brief Description

The Bleek Collection consists of papers of Dr W.H.I. Bleek (1827-1875), his sister-in-law Lucy Lloyd (1834-1914), his daughter Dorothea Bleek (1873-1948) and G.W. Stow (1822-1882) relating to their researches into the San (Bushman) language and folklore, as well as albums of photographs. The collection of the South African Library is smaller than that of the University of Cape Town.

Dr Bleek became interested in the study of the San in 1870 at which time he was curator of the Grey Collection at the South African Library in Cape Town. When he learned that there were 28 'Bushman' prisoners employed on the breakwater at the Cape Town harbour, knowing that the ½Xam language was fast disappearing and that this was a unique opportunity to document it, he began to record their language and folklore. Later, some of the San were released into his custody and lived at his home. His sister-in-law, Lucy Lloyd was trained by him to help him with his work, which she continued for some years after his death. Dorothea Bleek edited and published much of the research left by her father and aunt. In addition, she recorded San vocabularies, genealogies and rock art on several expeditions. Her major contribution was the publication of the Bushman dictionary in 1956, eight years after her death, which incorporated the lexicon started by her father almost a century before and which was added to by Lucy Lloyd.

Format / Medium

paper, photographs

Full nomination

1997

Register Entry No.	18
Repository:	Freedom Park
Year of Registration	2015
Name of the Collection	Medu Art Ensemble
Covering Period	1978 -1985
Location	Freedom Park
Brief Description	Medu was a group that was initiated by Dr Wally Serote in Botswana in 1978. The word "medu was taken from the sePedi word meaning "roots. Medu started as an organisation for Black artists but two White Artists later joined. Medu was initiated as a cultural organisation for the ANC, but had autonomy with regard to the form and content of the material they produced. Medu conducted workshops in Botswana and promoted resistance to Apartheid in South Africa during 1978-1985. Although Medu operated from Botswana their focus was the use of culture as a weapon against apartheid.
Format / Medium	paper, badges
Full nomination	Suggested for inclusion in the African Regional Register